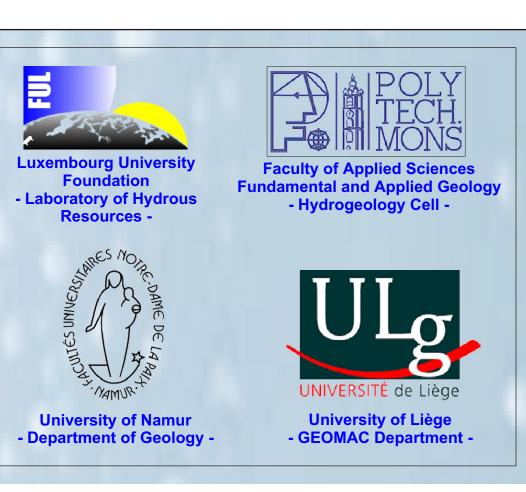


# GIS and Hydrogeological Mapping of the Walloon Region (Belgium)

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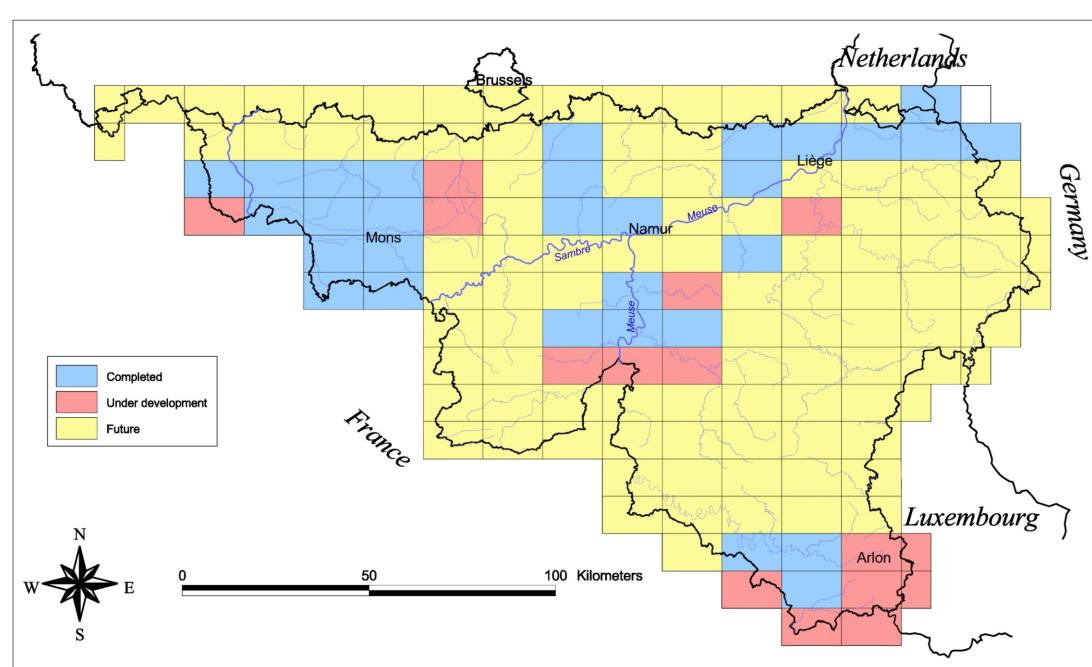
### Introduction

The Ministry of the Walloon Region, *Direction Générale des Ressources Naturelles et de l'Environnement*, has initiated in 1999 the first Belgian hydrogeological mapping program. This program involves four Walloon universities. Twenty-eight hydrogeological maps are already completed at the 1/25,000 scale. At the annual rate of three maps per team, the entire hydrogeological coverage of the Walloon Region should be completed in 2010.

### Aims

Hydrogeological maps are very useful and strongly required documents for all people, companies or institutions concerned with the quantitative as well as qualitative management of groundwater resources. They synthesize, at a local scale, hydrogeological knowledges of a region. Principal aims are to inform on the extension, geometry, piezometry, hydrodynamic and hydrochemical characteristics of the regional aquifers.

It can be used to manage qualitatively as well as quantitatively exploited groundwaters, to estimate the aquifer vulnerability and to evaluate the risks of pollution of production wells or galleries according to the direction of underground flows, to plan intervention in case of contamination of the water table, to locate new water catching points for water supply companies or industries, to supervise land-use policy, to give information for the interested consumer,... Potential fields of application of such a document are as many as varied.



Progress report of hydrogeological maps of the Walloon Region, Belgium

## Methodology

Walloon Region Belgian Geological Water supply Environmental companies agencies Public and Geological Field work Industries consultants Private institutions Georelational hydrogeological database GIS hydrogeological maps Paper Hydrogeological Map Explanatory Leaflet Powerful tool for Groundwater management

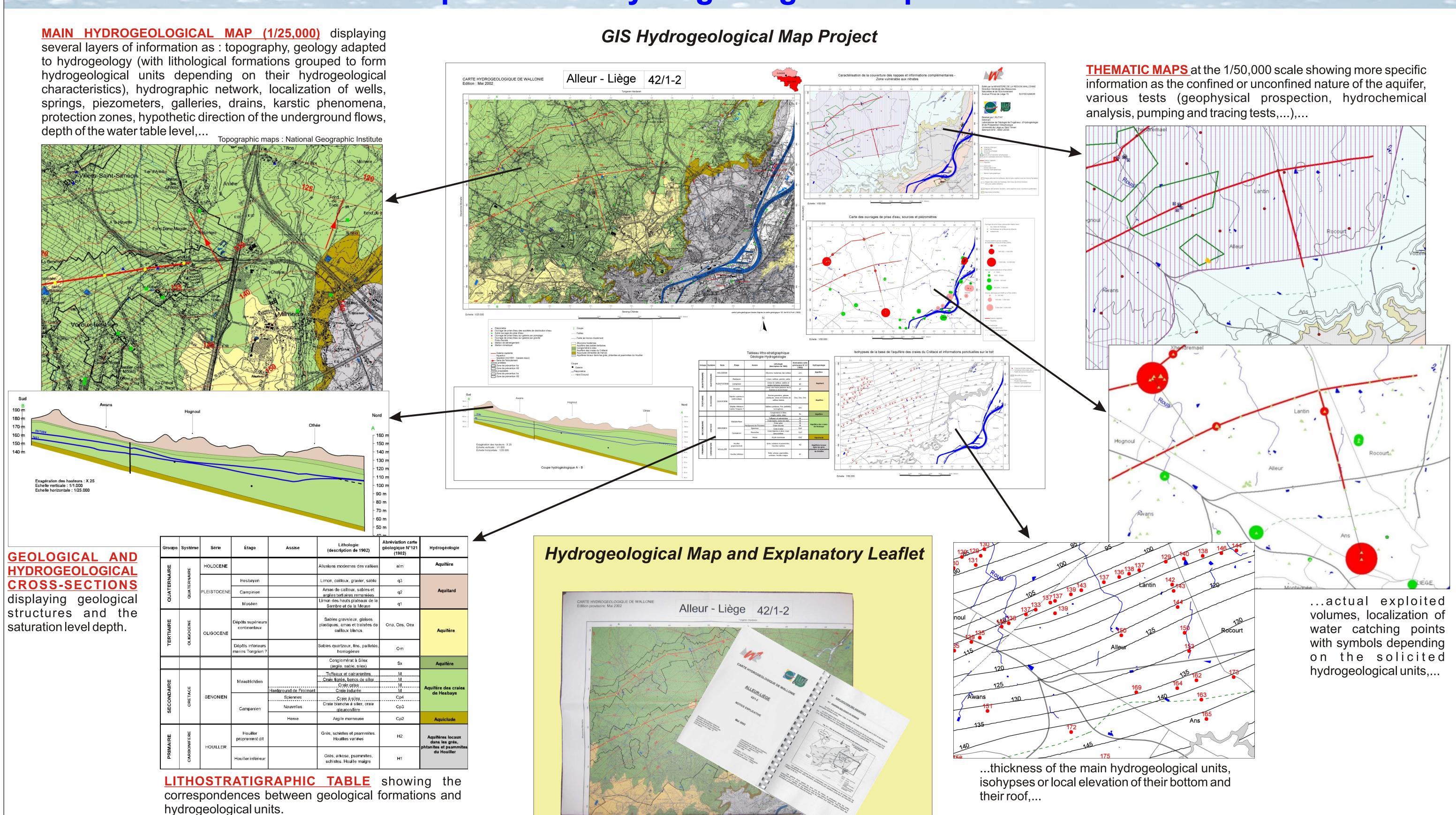
The development of hydrogeological maps is essentially based on the collection and synthesis of existing data coming from numerous and various sources. All these data concern general as well as specific information on the local hydrogeology (topography, geology, climate, location of all water catchment points, hydrochemistry, well equipment, various tests, exploited volumes, hydraulics heads,...). A significant field work is also carried out to check the exactitude of the collected data and to supplement them where they are missing.

Collected data are stored in a georelational database (Access, Microsoft<sup>®</sup>) from which hydrogeological maps are built. That database is actively linked to the GIS hydrogeological map project (ArcView, ESRI<sup>®</sup>) by an ODBC/SQL connexion. This connexion allows an automatic update of the GIS project thanks to the geographic coordinates.

Points (wells, springs,...), polylines (galleries, isopiestic lines,...) and polygons (protection zones, watersheds,...) are all geographically referenced with Lambert coordinates (Belgium Lambert Conformal Conic Projection) and superimposed on georeferenced topographic and geological maps.

The hydrogeological database can be consulted throughout the map in the GIS project thanks to a developed ArcView extension called BDHydro. This program allows the user to display specific information concerning for example a well or a spring (hydrochemical analysis, isopiestic evolution, geological or technical logs,...) by simply clicking on it.

#### Components of hydrogeological maps of Wallonia



Currently, hydrogeological maps are available only as paper ones with an explanatory leaflet. The latter is written for a non specialist public and allows a better understanding of the map. It develops general considerations on regional geography, geology and hydrogeology. It also focuses on specific hydrogeological aspects as local behaviour of the water table, karstic phenomena, hydrochemistry, hydrodynamic parameters, delimited protection zones in the area,... A project of restricted access to the hydrogeological maps and database on the Internet is being studied.